

Torres, H. and Colorado, D. (2018). From health agents, a perception of the crisis. Initial budgets for promoting change. Bogotá: National University of Colombia.

To present an approximation to some relevant issues and problems in relation to the patrimonial responsibility of the State in the provision of the public hospital medical health service, from a perspective of public law and especially, from administrative justice.

It refers to topics related to medical responsibility and health teams; social and health determinants: access to drinking water; role of providers and hospital crisis; and some quantitative considerations of health in Colombia.

The patrimonial responsibility of the State is consolidated every time as a very important legal instrument and that in the matter of rendering the public hospital medical service has reached outstanding developments. Although from the judicial point of view it is about the resolution of particular cases, the truth is that when patrimonial convictions are made to the State, the decision itself tends to reproduce more general pedagogical results in order that the unlawful damages are not replay.

The leonine conditions between the insurers and the providers, especially those of a public nature, the delays in payments, the institutionalization of defaults through glosses, the significant outstanding portfolio resources of more than a year of delay without payment, only they are examples of the financial level that affects the free movement of resources and that result in the provision of services, the guarantee of the fundamental right to health and even the subsistence of providers.

For nursing professionals the responsibilities are clear and are regulated by Law 266 of 1996, which defines nursing as a liberal professional; Another support is found in Law 911, also known as the Deontological and Ethical Statute, which determines the reflective gaze of the profession. The professional work of the nurse is also immersed in the compulsory health system, against which this system offers fewer and fewer possibilities, which must be exposed and analyzed in academic and social spaces.

The health crisis in Colombia is closely linked to the shortage of drinking water in many regions of the country. The water crisis, product of a neoliberal development model, forces us to work in coordination to strengthen territorial resistance; but also to generate a national process that achieves important transformations so that water is considered a common good and a fundamental right in the health service in Colombia. The possibility for the State to carry out its functions and purposes in the health system within the social State of law is accompanied by processes of state decentralization, which in health are absolutely powerful.